### 10 YEAR REVIEW OF GLOBAL DRUG CONTROL

# Perspective from the International Network of People who use Drugs



## HUMAN RIGHTS ENGENDERED IN THE NAME OF DRUG CONTROL

- Mass Incarceration: I in 5 people incarcerated worldwide for drug offences, most of them being people who use drugs
- Violence and ill-treatment by law enforcement agencies: From 2011 mid 2014, there were 3, 260 complaints of torture, enforced disappearances and other human rights violations in Mexico due to drug war
- **Death penalty and extrajudicial killings:** 32 states apply the death penalty for drug offences. 27,000 people killed in the Philippines
- Lack of access to harm reduction and health care services: 1% of people who inject drugs worldwide live in countries with adequate coverage of NSP and OST.
- Overdose Deaths: 71,000 died of drug overdoses in 2017 in the US alone



Figure 7. Map of countries officially (including by law) engaged in compulsory detention of people who use drugs



**Torture and Inhumane Treatment:** Between 235,000 – 500,000 people detained in compulsory drug detention centres, not including private compulsory rehabilitation

### IS THAT ALL THERE IS?

- Harm Reduction: Since 2009 more countries including Kenya, Taiwan and Senegal have initiated and scaled up harm reduction interventions
- **Decriminalisation Models:** 26 countries report having decriminalised drug use or possession of drugs for personal use
- **Stigma and Discrimination:** In 2018, Canada led on the adoption of the first CND resolution on combating stigma and discrimination in health care settings

## IMPACT OF COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

#### Australia:

- Drug users shaped first national response to HIV and drug use
- Between 2000-2009 NSPs averted 32,050 new cases of HIV and 96,666 Hepatitis
  C infections and 140,000 DALY were gained

### Indonesia:

 2014 partnered with Ministry of Health to develop national harm reduction guidelines

#### Canada

 Since 2016, drug user advocacy led to the opening of 25 new drug consumption sites